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Contents

National Housing Authority (NHA)



Housing Development Project









National Housing Authority (NHA)



The National Housing Authority (NHA) is a state enterprise attached to the Ministry of Social Development and Human Security. It was established on February 12,1973.

The objectives are to provide housing for low and middle income earners, to provide financial assistance to those who need to have their own housing, to deal with the business of building construction and land acquisition in order to assist people in achieving better living, social and economic conditions.

National Housing Authority



Vision



A principal organization in Housing, Community & Urban Development for security of Thai's society





Mission

- Develop the houses for people with low and middle income to achieve their better quality of life.
- Develop the strong and self-reliant communities.
- Develop the cities with a favorable environment.
- Manage the properties to create their added value and to utilize their most efficient benefits.
- Generate the product innovations, services and good image of the company.
- Develop the personnel and organization to achieve their sustainability.





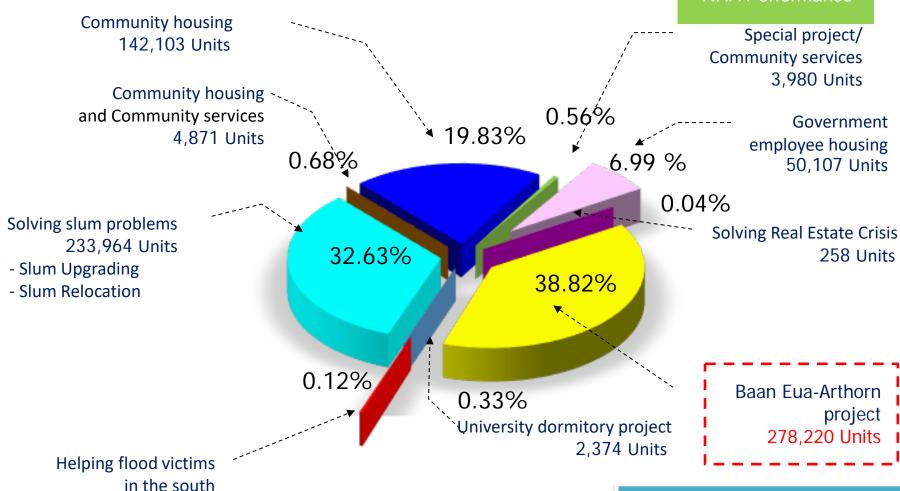
845 Units

National Housing Authority

Performance from 1976 to May 2017



NHA Performance



Total 716,722 Units



Background



In 2003, the government began an ambitious housing program, Baan Eua-Arthorn, assigning construction of some 600,000 units to the National Housing Authority (NHA). These units targeted low income, junior civil servants and government official households. This housing development program aims to enhance the targeted group to hire-purchase their own residential quarters at the prices that they can afford.





Objectives



- Promote housing sector as a growth engine.
- Promote housing security through home ownership.













BEA Strategies



- Applicable for urban areas
- Utilizing a Public Private Partnership
 (PPP)
- Designs and construction supervisors by NHA
- Utilizing industrialized system to minimize cost and reduce construction time





Financing

Baan Eua-Arthorn Project

- Project Financing
 - -NHA's own income
 - -Government subsidy
 - -Loans
- Buyers Financing
 - NHA hire-purchase
 - -Government Housing Bank
 - -Commercial Banks, etc.





Selling Price



- Construction Cost: 470,000 Baht /
 - Unit (US\$ 14,687)
- Government Subsidy: 80,000 Baht /
 - Unit (US\$2,500) for infrastructure
- Selling Price: 390,000 Baht /Unit
 - (US\$12,187)





Conditions



- 2003 2005, monthly household income is 15,000 Baht (\$469 USD).
- After 2005, monthly household income is 40,000 Baht (\$1,250 USD).

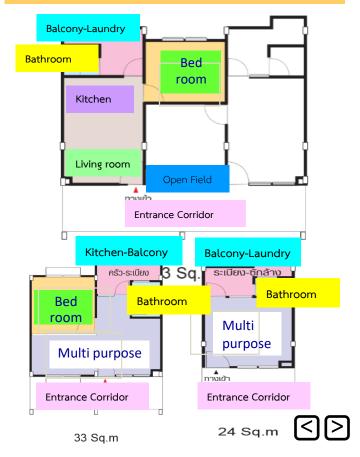








Condominium

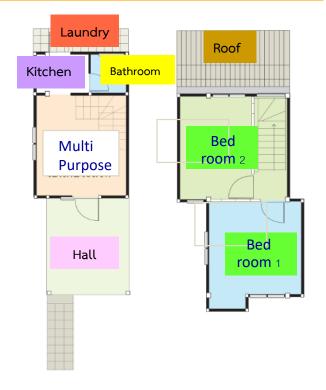








Detached House











Semi-Detached House











Row House





Housing Development Project (PK 1)

Package ² Project

: Objectives

- 1.) To respond the housing need of low and middle income people in order to achieve standard housing including utilities and facilities as well as to raise the quality of life of the residents.
- 2.) To reduce inequality and create fairness in society by giving opportunity for low and middle income people to gain their own housing.
- 3.) To manage and develop the property of Baan Aur-Arthorn Project and potential buildings to be more efficiency.
- 4.) To stimulate economic by government investment.





Housing Development Project (PK 1): Design Concept









Housing Development Project (PK 1):Selling Price for low income people



- Government Subsidy: US\$ 3,400 3,600 / Unit
 (US\$4,200,000 5,600,000) for infrastructure
- Selling Price: US\$ 13,700 22,000 /Unit (US\$16,800,000 25,900,000)









Housing Development Project (PK 1):Selling Price for middle-high income people



- Government Subsidy: None
- Selling Price: 980,000 4,560,000 Baht / Unit

(US\$34,300,000 - 159,600,000)





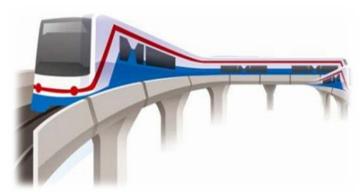


Transit-Oriented Development

:Objectives

3.3
TOD Project

To develop residential projects along the NHA's Rapid Transit System to meet the Mass Rapid Transit System Development Plan of Office of Transport and Traffic Policy and Planning



Operational guidelines: 2 cases

- Project on NHA's land
- 2) Project on MRT's land







Transit-Oriented Development

3.3







Din Daeng Project





แบบแปลนห้องพักอาศัยแบบ 3มิติ



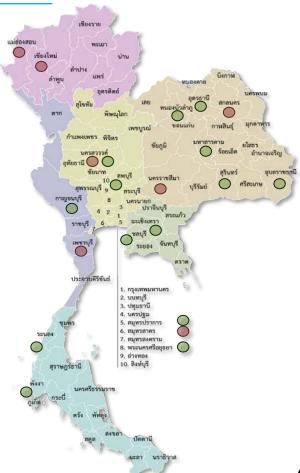




Building for Rent Project:Objectives

Building for Rent Project

- To solve the housing problems of low-income people who can not afford their own housing.
- To build housing for the general public, especially the workers in the Special Economic Zone to have a standardized housing in appropriate conditions near the source
- Using the land of NHA and the land of the royal parcels.







Building for Rent Project:Concept Design



Make a rental housing. Three to five story buildings or low-rise buildings.











Building for Rent Project:Target group

3.5

Building for Rent Project

Bangkok Metropolitan Area,
 income us\$ 500-750 per month,
 household ability to pay us\$ 85 per month

- Regional Area, income us\$ 300-450 per month, household ability to pay us\$ 55 per month









Community Management



Community management is an after-sales service activity of housing development process to enhance the well-being of the residents in the community.

The after-sales service includes repair and maintenance of housing units and utilities including provision of public services such as transport services, post office, telephone, electricity, water supply and public park.





Community Management



NHA also established social and economic programs in community in order to create community cohesion, inculcate families with the understanding and practice of community self-management as follows:

- Leadership potential training course
- Health promotion training course
- Youth soccer competition project
- Security guard volunteer
- Vocational training for housewives
- etc.



Din Daeng Project





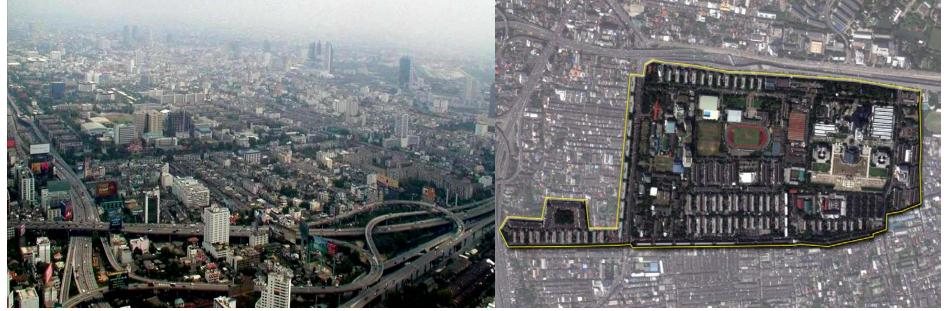




Din Daeng Urban Renewal Project, BKK

- Din Daeng Housing Project was passed to NHA by Public Welfare Department with total of 4,144 units which built in 1963 1973
- Now There are Housing Units in Din Daeng community total 9,242 units
- The Urban Renewal Project of Din Daeng Community covers area 207 Rai (33 Hectares) belongs to NHA







Green Housing Development Projects











Green Housing Development Projects











Green Housing for Low - Income People

Present

- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
- Community Management
- Eco-village Certification

Future

- Green Communities

- Smart City
- SDGs



Green Housing for Low - Income People

Transformation



- Lower cost of green housing for low income people
- Impact on housing market to move to green housing
- Low income people can contribute to GHG reduction
- Bettering the standard of living of low income people



Green Housing for Low - Income People

Key Success Factors

1. Policy

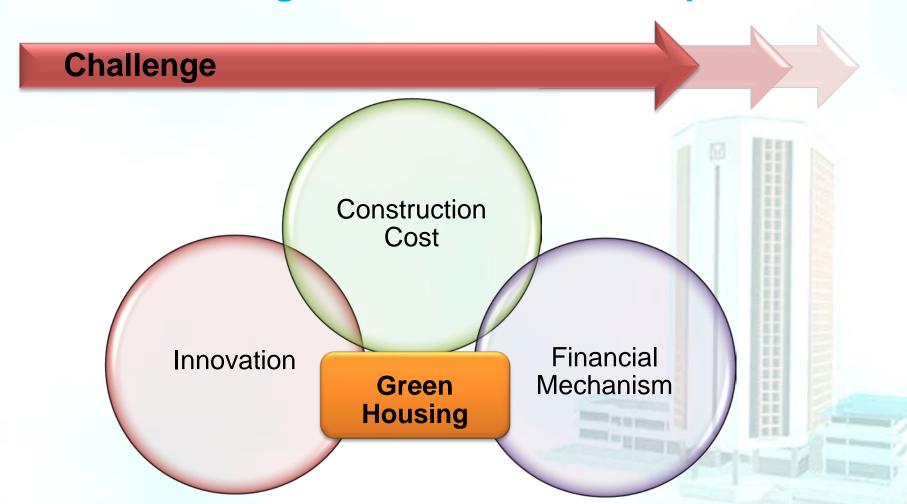
2. Principle

3. Participation





Green Housing for Low - Income People





Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable





Green Housing for Low - Income People

- Develop Eco-Village Community
- Energy Efficiency
- Reduce Green House Gas