Pro-Poor Housing Finance in Thailand



Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

Socio – Economic & Housing Conditions

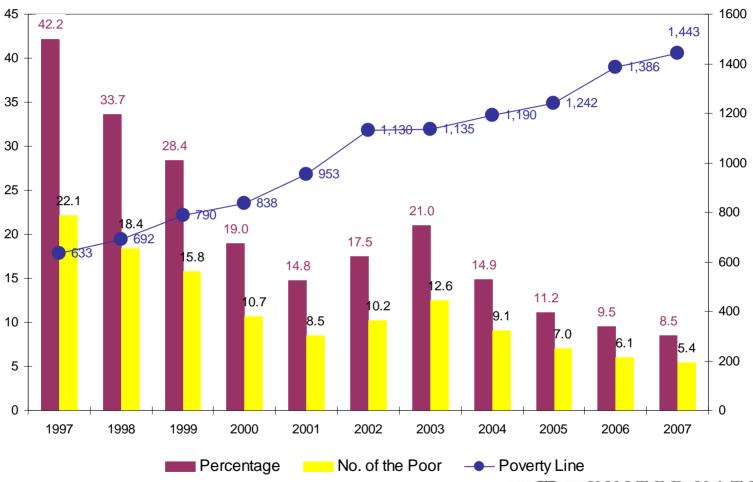
No. of population (m.)	63
Population growth rate (%)	0.5
GDP per capita \$USD	3,983
No. of household (m.)	18
Avg. of HH size	3.3
No. of dwelling (m.)	20
% of HH with safe drinking water	93
% of HH with electricity	98
% of HH with latrine	97
% of Dwelling with permanent	94
material	UNITED NATION

Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

Socio – Economic & Housing Conditions

% of HH own dwelling	80
% of HH rent dwelling	11
% of HH rent free accommodation	5
% of HH in mortgaged dwelling	9
% of population in urban areas	36
No. of slums	1,726
No. of HH in slums	480,000
No. of population in slum area (m.)	2,400,000
Poverty line (Bht.)	1,443/person/mo.
No. of person under poverty line (m.)	5.4 (8.5%)
	ESCAP

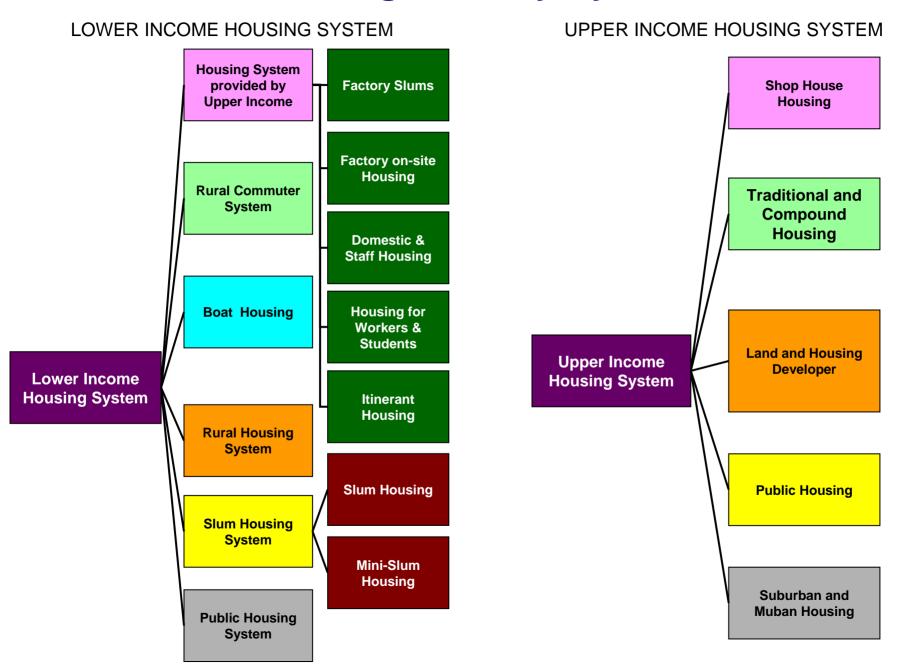
Poverty Line, Percentage & No. of the Poor



Source: NSO & NESDB



Housing Delivery System

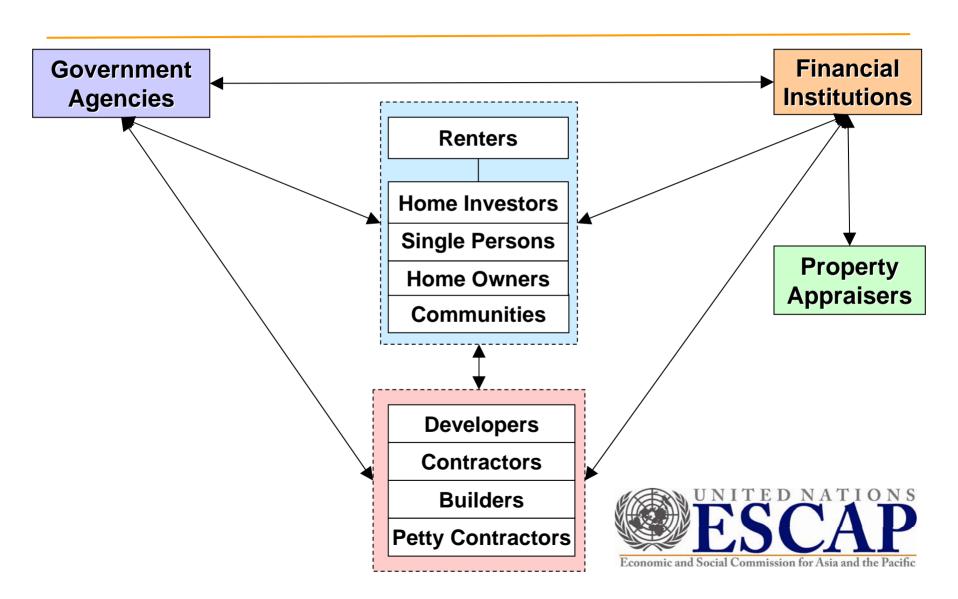


Stakeholders in Housing

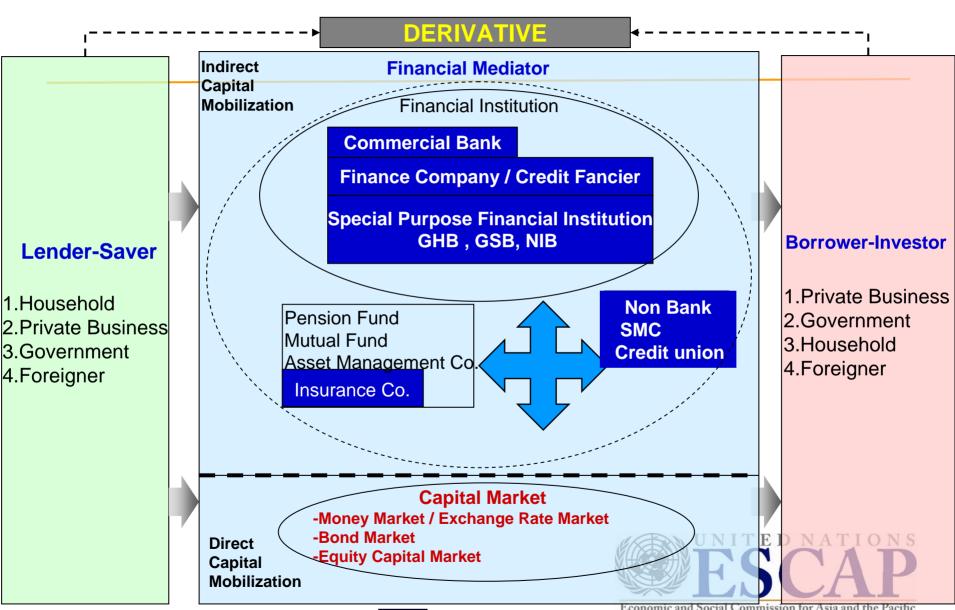
Key Actors	Type of Involvement	Extent of Involvement
Government agencies	Regulator / Developer / Land Owner	High
Financial institutions	Financier	High
Property Appraisers	Appraiser	High
Developers	Developer	High
Construction Cos.	Supervised by Owner or Developer	High
Builders	Supervised by Owner	Moderate
Petty Contractors	Supervised by Owner	Low
NGO's	Advocator / Supervisor / Organizer	Low
Homeowners	User and Developer	Moderate
Renters	User	Minimal
Single Persons/Others	User	Minimal



Stakeholders in Housing

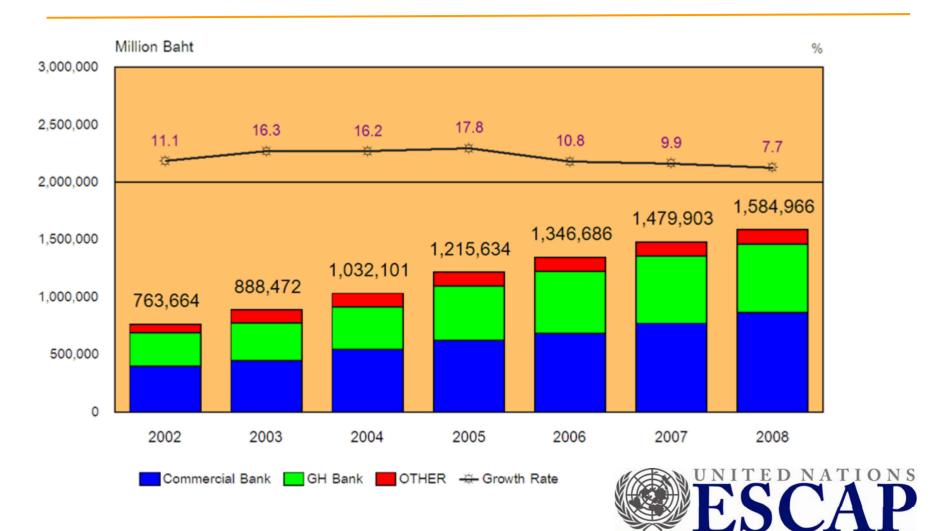


Structure of Thai Financial Market



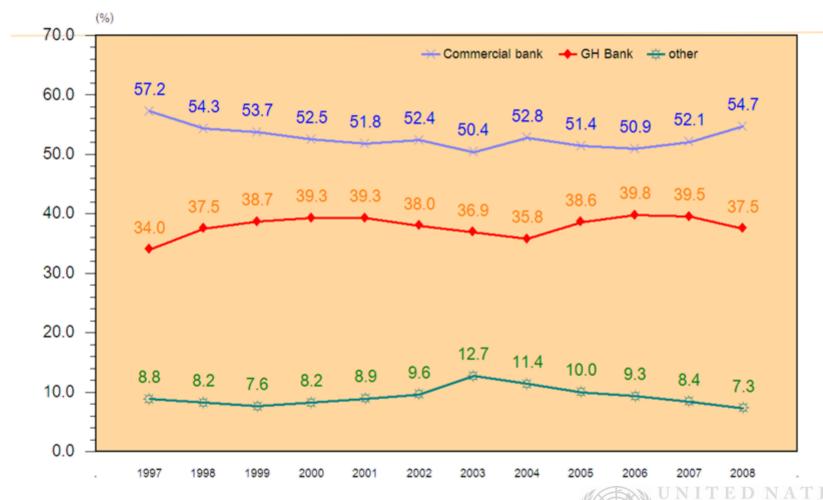
Major Players in Housing Finance

Home Loans Outstanding in Thailand



Resource: GH Bank, NH,GSB Complie: REIC, Research & Information Services Department, GH Bank

Market Share of Home Loans Outstanding



Remark : Other consists of GSB, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies and Credits Fonders

Provided by : Research & Information Department , GH Bank

Source : BOT, GH Bank, GSB, NHA

Economic and Social Commission for Asia and

Regulatory Frameworks

- Ministry of Finance (MOF):
 - GH Bank, SMC, other SFIs
- Ministry of Agriculture and Agricultural Cooperatives:
 - Cooperatives Department
- Bank of Thailand (BOT):
 - Commercial Banks, other institutions
- Department of Lands:
 - Housing Developers



Bank general practices

- Loan to Value (LTV) 75 100
- Repayment 20-30 yrs. But age + loan period
 ≤ 65 yrs.
 - Interest rate
 - Fixed for short period (optional)
 - Ftloating rate
 - generally deposit rate + 200 400 basis points

etc. see Ballobh paper



Low - Income Housing Policy

No comprehensive "National Housing Policy"

3 major government agencies are responsible
 GHB market – based credit program
 NHA major provider of low – income housing
 CODI citywide slum upgrading and tenure security

Roles change overtime



Housing Policy

The Thai Government launched A One Million House Program from 2003-2008

- 600,000 units were assigned to NHA
- 300,000 households in 1,826 communities in 200 cities around the country were assigned to CODI
- 100,000 units were assigned to GSB

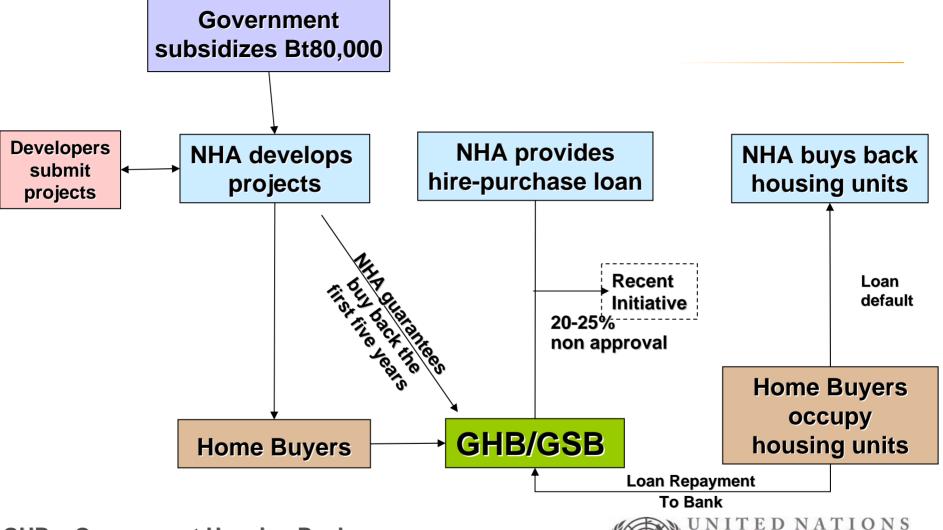


NHA Baan Eua Arthorn

- Target 600,000 homes between 2003 and 2008
- Max. Income Bt15,000 per month
- Monthly payment Bt1,500
- No minimum income criteria for purchasers
- Actual cost of construction Bt470,000
- Government subsidy Bt 80,000 per unit
- Selling price Bt390,000
- GHB & GSB supply mortgage financing
- No down payment 30 years loan
- Stepped paybacks 10 to 15 % every 3 years



NHA Baan Eua Arthorn Financing



GHB = Government Housing Bank
GSB = Government Saving Bank

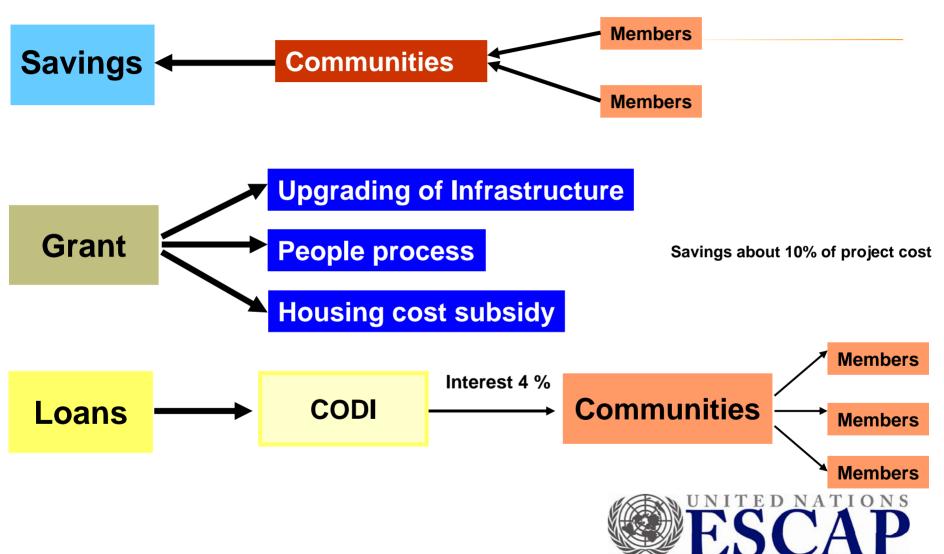


CODI Baan Mankong

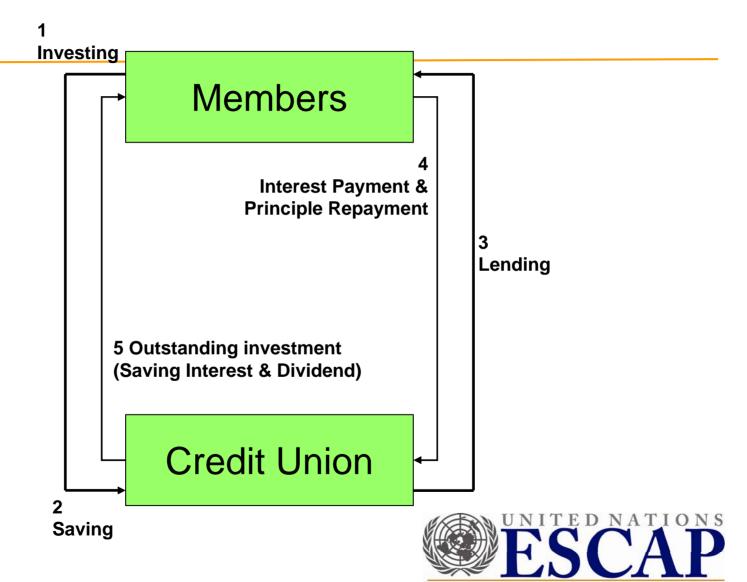
- Slum upgrading program target at 200,218 units implemented since 2003
- Government channels fund through CODI for infrastructure development and housing subsidies
- People organize savings
- CODI channels government subsidies and provide housing loans direct to communities
- Communities on lend such funds to members by adding some spread in interest cost
- The spread is used for community welfare and as a cushion for missing repayment by member if required

Three components of Baan Mankong financing

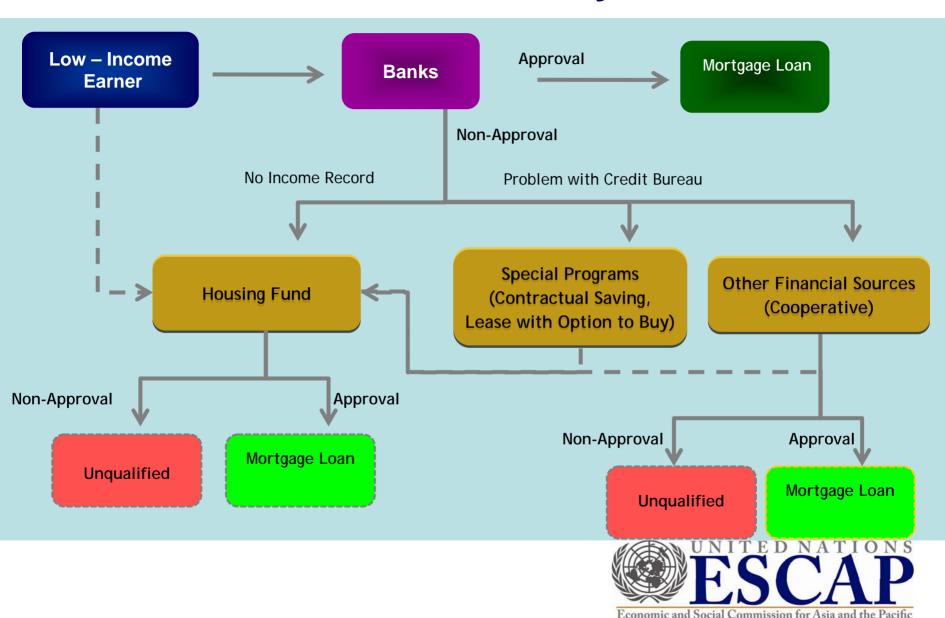
Savings about 10% of project cost



Credit Union

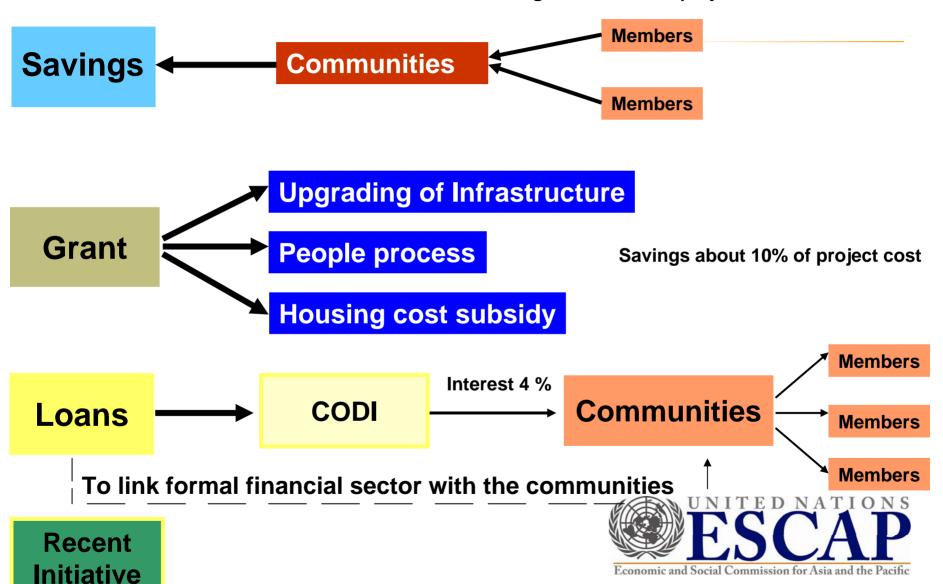


Recent Initiative by NHA



Three components of Baan Mankong financing

Savings about 10% of project cost



Conclusions

- Housing has gradually improved over time
- Effective housing delivery system
- A well functioning formal housing finance system
- Some private developer also provides housing finance.
- Problems with low-income exist
 - Irregular income
 - Credit Bureau (no income record)
 - Lack of understanding
- Alternatives
 - Housing fund
 - Lease with option to buy
 - Housing co-operatives



Reporter's View

- Definition and characteristics of the Poor
 - Database, GIS, Poverty map
 Geoinformatics tracking the Poor
 - Poverty line and income distribution



Geographic Information System: GIS

Geoinformatics

Tracking "The Poors"

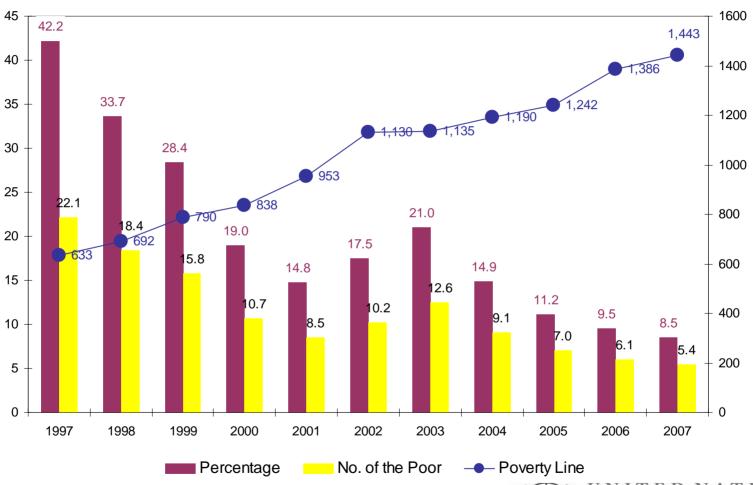








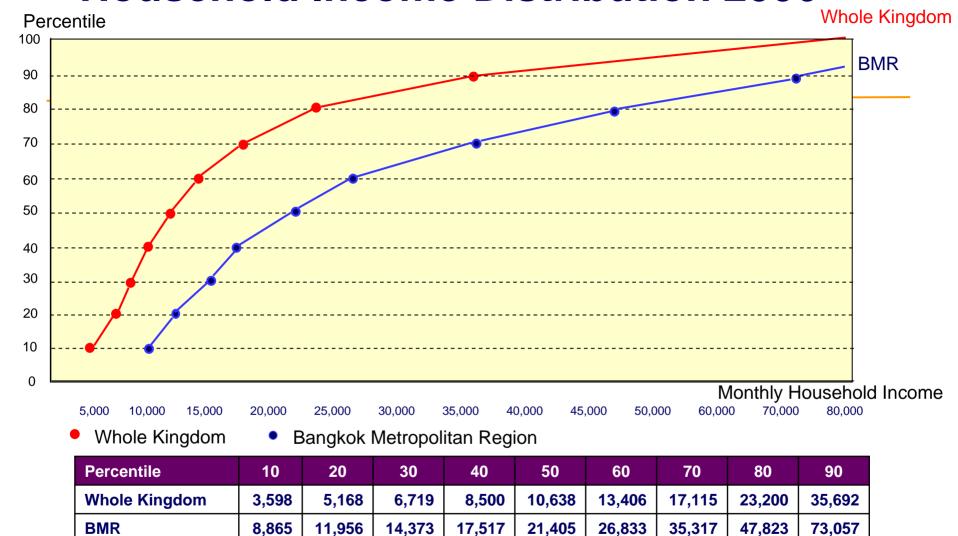
Poverty Line, Percentage & No. of the Poor



Source: NSO & NESDB



Household Income Distribution 2006





Source: NSO

Reporter's View

- Need for Pro-Poor HF (dilemma)
- Restructuring of low-income housing policy landscape demand, subsidies, and etc.



Reporter's View

- Need for a body to articulate, co-ordinate and monitor housing policy
 - 1983 Housing Finance Study in Thailand WB & MOF recommended Housing Policy Sub-Committee (HPS)
 - 2009 Establishing National Housing Policy (NHPC) prescribed in the Royal Gazette 2008 (NHA's initiative) one of the top agenda "Pro-Poor HF"



Thank you

